# CE0825a - Object Oriented Programming

8: Memory, Java Native Access, Animation

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# Memory Basics

- Generally, it's just a single bunch of bytes, numbered from 0 upwards.
- (DEC Alpha is different!)
- Operating systems group them into pages, usually 4k.

# Stacks and Heaps

- Usually, there is a stack short term storage, arguments.
   Often where buffer overflows target: see Return Oriented Programming later on.
- Also a *heap*, for longer term allocations.
- Good news: Java takes care of all this for us!

## Garbage Collection

Just ask for chunks of memory, then forget about them:

Someone Else's Problem!

Basic variants of that:

- Reference counting
- Mark-sweep
- Generational
- No-op: don't bother! (Good for transient utilities: see Busybox)

# Memory Leaks

```
Still possible in Java (and other garbage collected systems)
Vector<String > v=new Vector<String >();
for (int i=0;true;i++) {
         v.add("blah"+i);
}
Usually subtler than that, of course.
```

## **Types**

If everything is just a number ... what's 0x107b214a7? As it happens it's a function inside 64 bit Java for OS X ... but could also be a timer, a buffer, someone's password... Java protects you (a bit) by not letting you use pointers directly. You can't just read off the end of a String.

## Going Native: JNA

So how do we access native platform functions? Enter JNA: Java Native Access.

- Previous: JNI, a bit cumbersome
- JNA: Friendly wrappers for e.g. Pointer

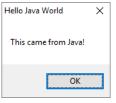
Get the JNA library JAR from

https://github.com/java-native-access/jna. (Inside the most recent Release; open the zip, find jna.jar under the dist folder.)

# An actual whole program!

```
import com.sun.jna.*;
public class Week8a {
        public interface User32 extends Library {
                User32 i =
                     (User32) Native.loadLibrary("user32.dll",
                         User32.class);
                int MessageBoxA (Pointer hwnd, String
                    msg, String title, int type);
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                User32.i.MessageBoxA(null, "This came from
                    Java!", "Hello Java World", 0);
```

## Results



### How SWT works

Every system API call is a DLL function, like MessageBoxA. So, SWT defines a Java counterpart like int MessageBoxA(Pointer hwnd,String msg,String title,int type); for each of them, and can then call them straight from Java.

image.dispose();

gclmage.dispose(); } );

## Animation 1

```
canvas = new Canvas(shell, SWT.NO BACKGROUND);
canvas.addPaintListener(new PaintListener() {
  public void paintControl(PaintEvent event) {
    Image image = new
       Image(shell.getDisplay(),
       canvas.getBounds());
    GC gclmage = new GC(image);
    gcImage . setBackground ( event . gc . getBackground ( ) )
    gclmage.fillRectangle(image.getBounds());
    gcImage.setBackground(shell.getDisplay().getSyst
    gclmage.fillOval(x, y, IMAGE WIDTH,
       IMAGE WIDTH);
    event.gc.drawlmage(image, 0, 0);
```

### Animation 2

```
Runnable runnable = new Runnable() {
    public void run() {
        if (display.isDisposed()) return;
        animate();
        display.timerExec(TIMER_INTERVAL, this);
    }
};
display.timerExec(TIMER_INTERVAL, runnable);
```

## Animation 3

```
public static void animate() {
x += direction X:
v += direction Y:
// Determine out of bounds
Rectangle rect = canvas.getClientArea();
if (x < 0) {
 x = 0:
  direction X = 1;
} else if (x > rect.width - IMAGE WIDTH) {
  x = rect.width - IMAGE WIDTH;
  direction X = -1:
// ... slide break here ...
```

#### Animation 3 cont

```
// ... slide break here ...
if (y < 0) {
 v = 0:
  directionY = 1;
} else if (y > rect.height - IMAGE WIDTH) {
  y = rect.height - IMAGE WIDTH;
  direction Y = -1;
// Force a redraw
canvas.redraw();
```

#### Lab Task 8

- I Find a useful API call (http://msdn.microsoft.com/) and call it via JNA.
- 2 Animate something other than a circle. 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Full example code came from here: http://www.java2s.com/Code/Java/SWT-JFace-Eclipse/ DemonstratesanimationItusesdoublebuffering.htm